



Mini-PBL

workshop

Israel García, Rodrigo Trujillo,

Diana Sosa, Zulema Oval y Carlos Rodríguez



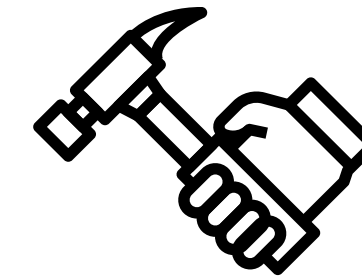
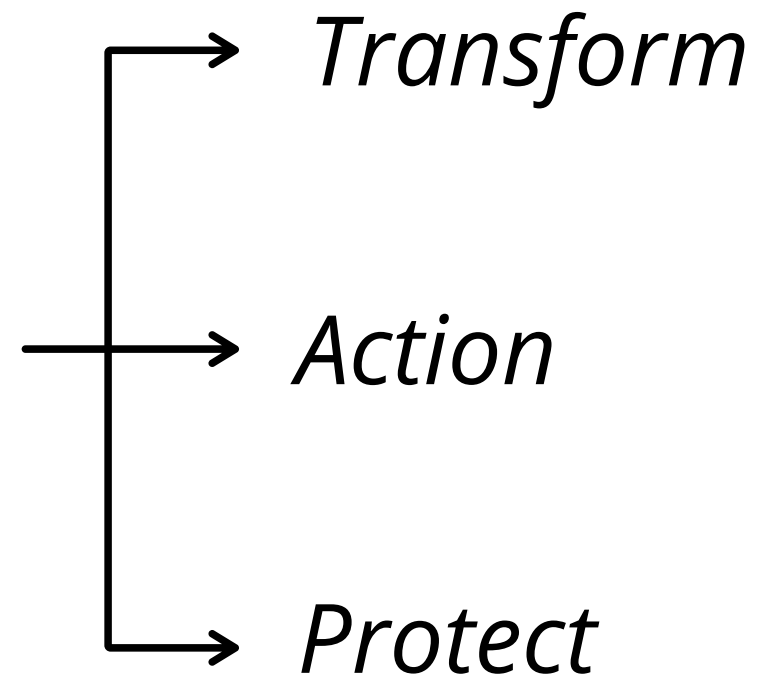
Where do we come from?



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



What are the SDGs?

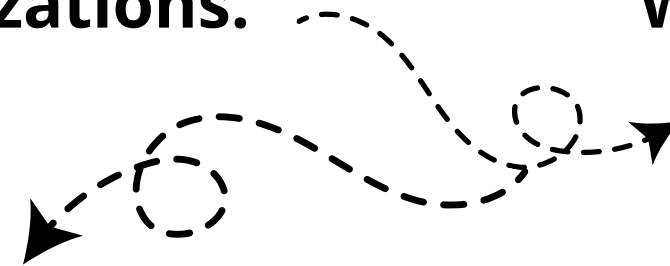


The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) aim to transform our world. They are a call to action to end poverty and inequality, protect the planet, and ensure that all people enjoy health, justice and prosperity.

A historical overview of the SDGs.



- In 2000, the Millennium Development Goals were launched by the 192 members of the United Nations and other international organizations.
- The SDGs were established in 2015 by the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) with the aim of being achieved by 2030.



1. No poverty
2. Zero hunger
3. Good health and well-being
4. Quality education
5. Gender equality
6. Clean water and sanitation
7. Affordable and clean energy
8. Decent work and economic growth
9. Industry, innovation and infrastructure
10. Reduced inequalities
11. Sustainable cities and communities
12. Responsible consumption and production
13. Climate action
14. Life below the water
15. Life on land
16. Peace, justice and strong institutions
17. Partnerships



Education for Sustainable Development (ESD)

ESD aims to empower learners to take informed decisions and responsible actions for environmental integrity, economic viability and a just society, for present and future generations.

ESD entails four dimensions

Learning outcomes

Stimulating learning and promoting core competencies, such as critical and systemic thinking, collaborative decision-making and taking responsibility for present and future generations.

Societal transformation

- > Empowering learners of any age, in any education setting, to transform themselves and the society they live in.
- > Enabling a transition to greener economies and societies.
 - Equipping learners with skills for “green jobs”.
 - Motivating people to adopt sustainable lifestyles.
- > Empowering people to be “global citizens” who engage and assume active roles, both locally and globally, to face and to resolve global challenges and ultimately to become proactive contributors to creating a more just, peaceful, tolerant, inclusive, secure and sustainable world.



Learning content

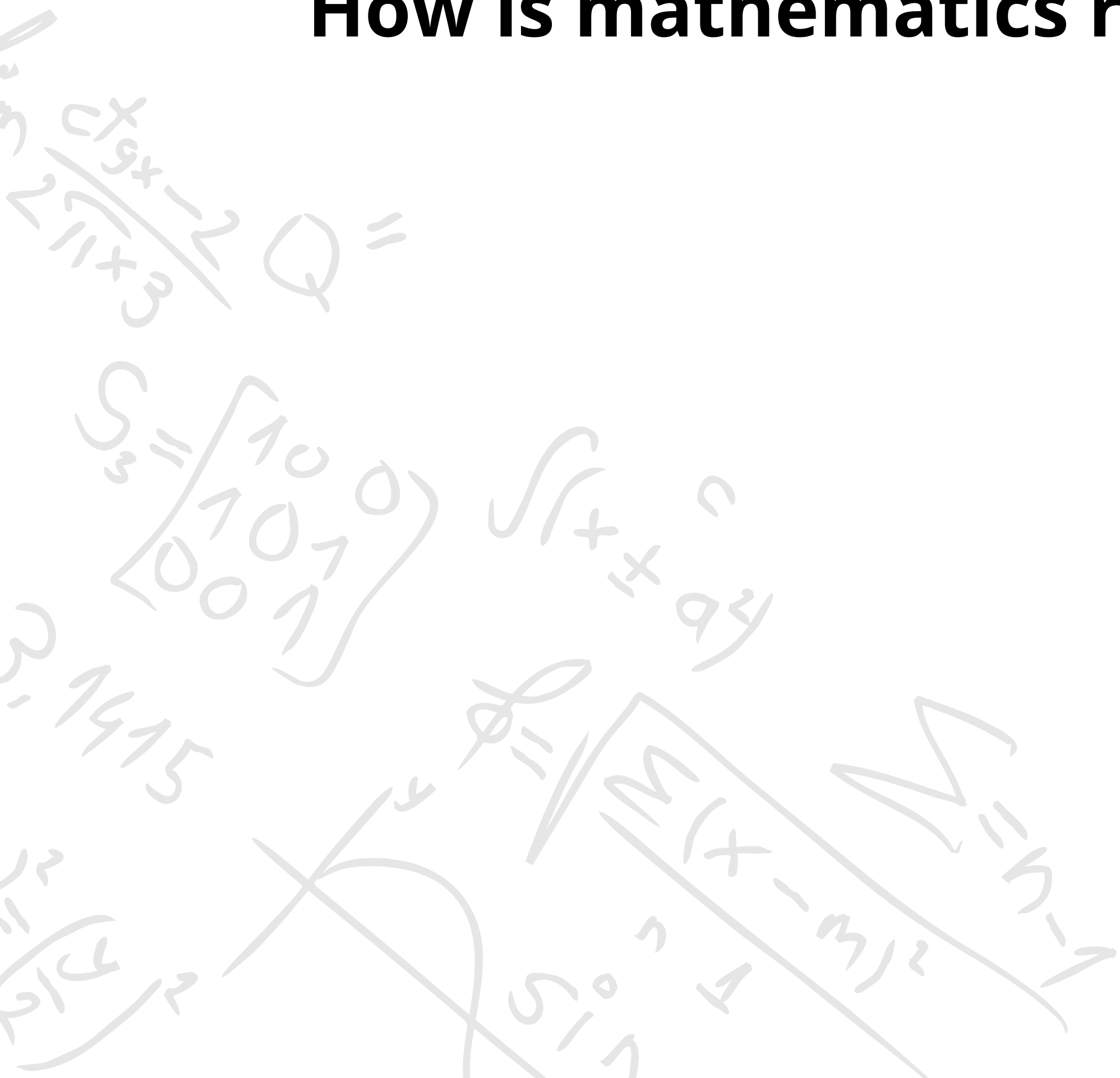
Integrating critical issues such as climate change, biodiversity, disaster risk reduction (DRR) and sustainable consumption and production (SCP) into the curriculum.

Pedagogy and learning environments

Designing teaching and learning in an interactive and learner-centred way that enables exploratory, action-oriented and transformative learning. Rethinking learning environments – physical as well as virtual and online – to inspire learners to act for sustainability.



π How is mathematics related to the SDGs? π



π How is mathematics related to the SDGs? π

Optimization

Statistical analysis

Funcional analysis

Public policy design

Data analysis

Prediction model

Education



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Statistical analysis

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Education



What is the benefit of using the SDGs in mathematics?

The integration of the SDGs into mathematics teaching offers a contextualized and meaningful framework for applying mathematical concepts to real and current problems, fostering global awareness and the development of competencies for solving complex problems.



What is next?

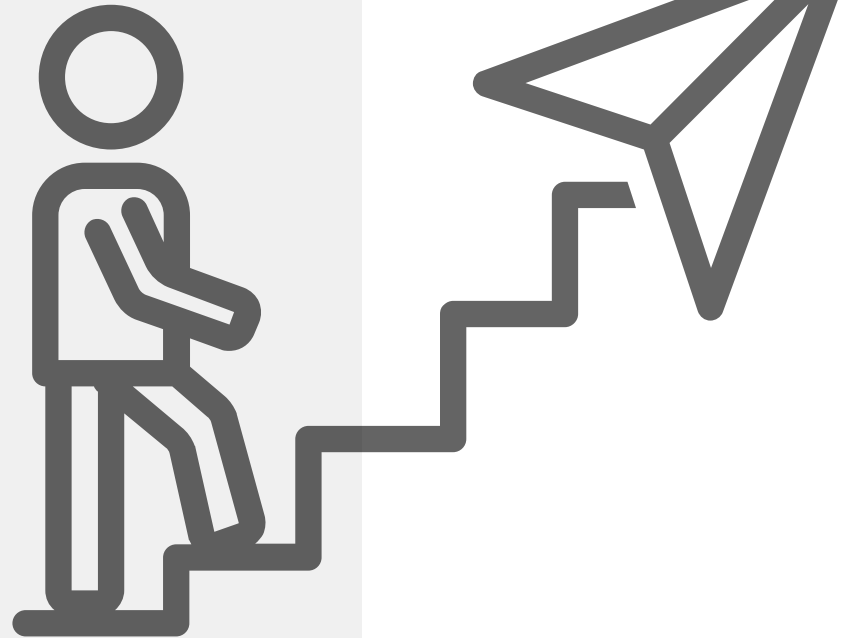
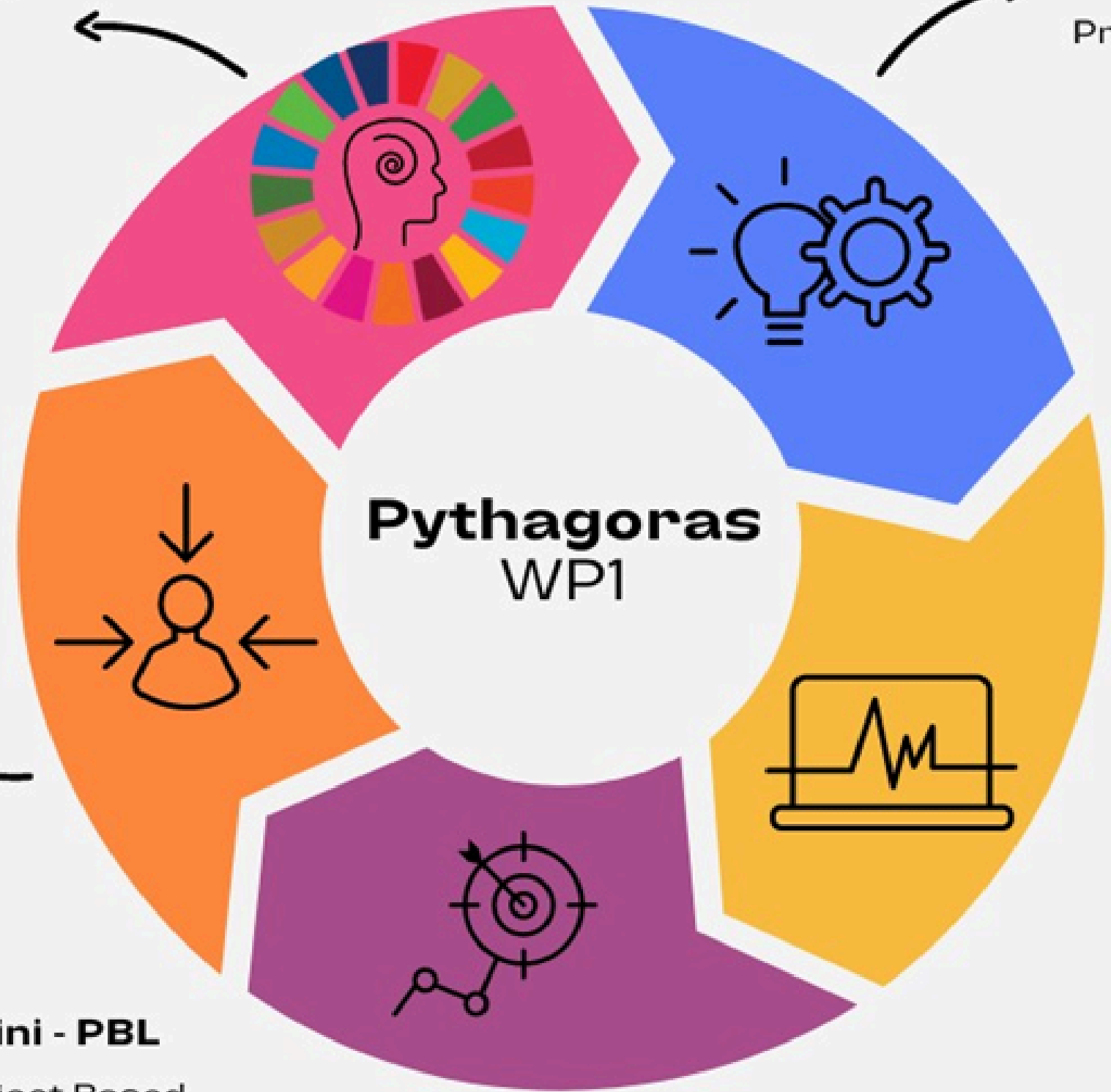
GDS
Sensibilization and Awareness

Toolbox
Prepare the tools for the teaching

TESTING
Training with some classes and improve all the ideas for the project

ICT
Information and Communication Technology for Mathematics and GDS

Mini - PBL
Project Based Learning and characteristics for Mathematics and GDS

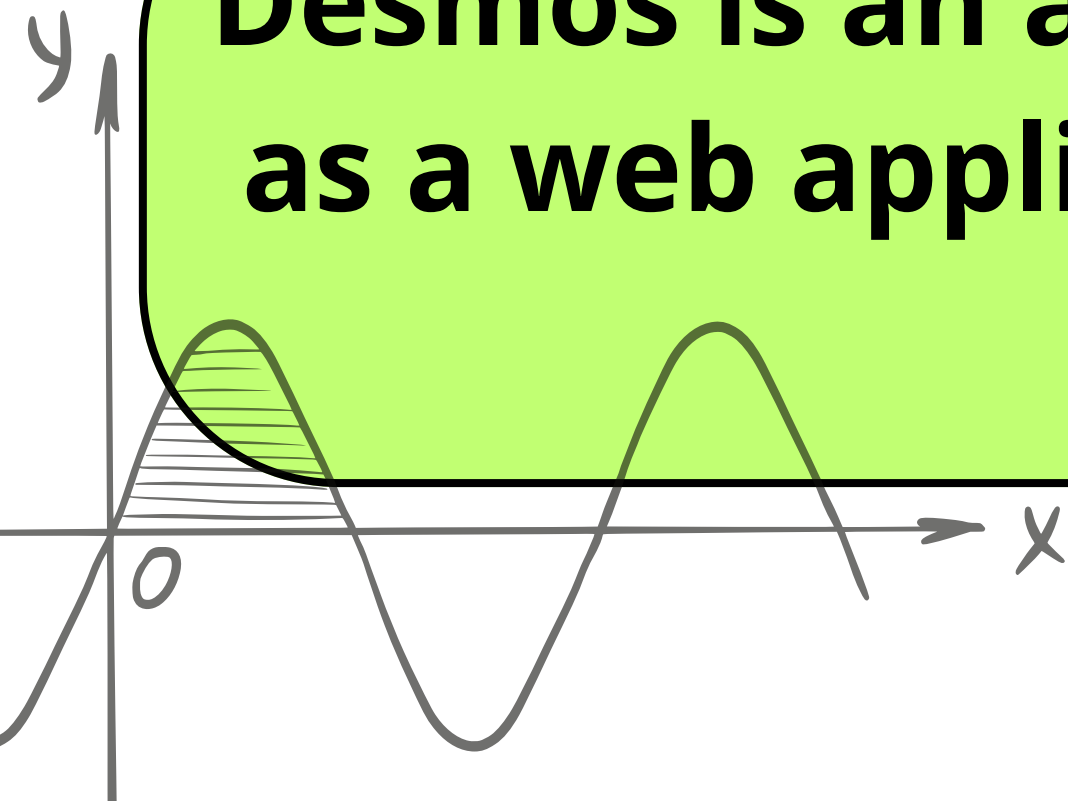


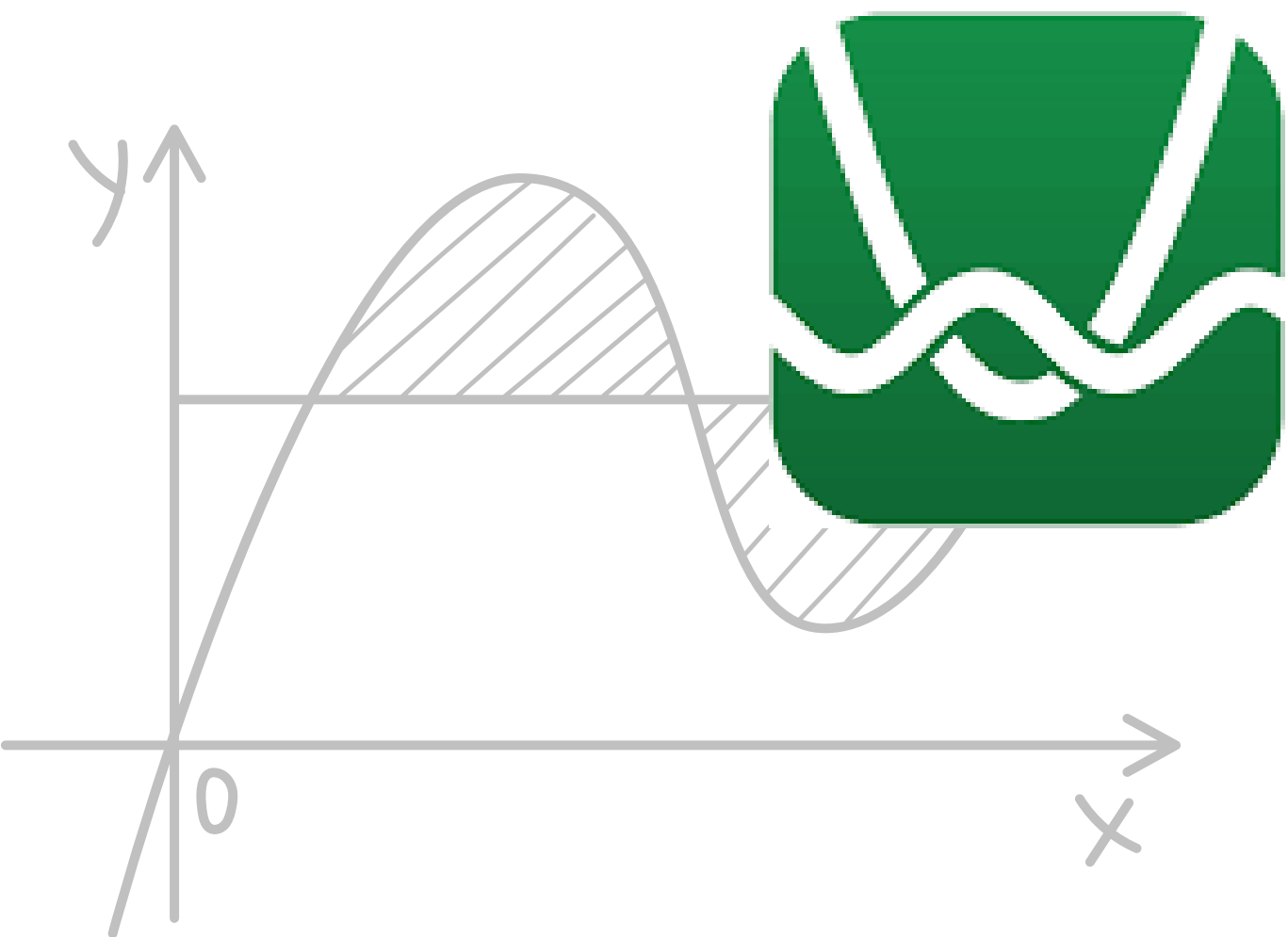
Desmos: a multi-purpose application



desmos

Desmos is an advanced graphing calculator implemented as a web application and a mobile application written in TypeScript and JavaScript.





desmos



Desmos Teacher

Desmos Students



Manual



Let's talk about Desmos

Desmos is a **powerful tool for visualizing mathematical concepts**, including...

Explore all of our math tools!

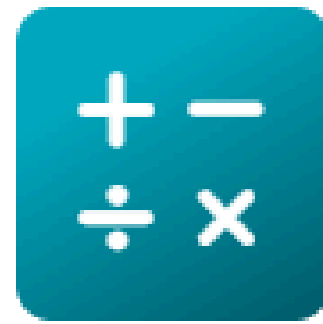
- **Graphing.**
- Scientific.
- Four Function.
- Matrix.
- Geometry.
- 3D.



Graphing



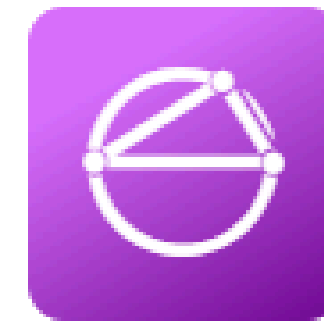
Scientific



Four
Function



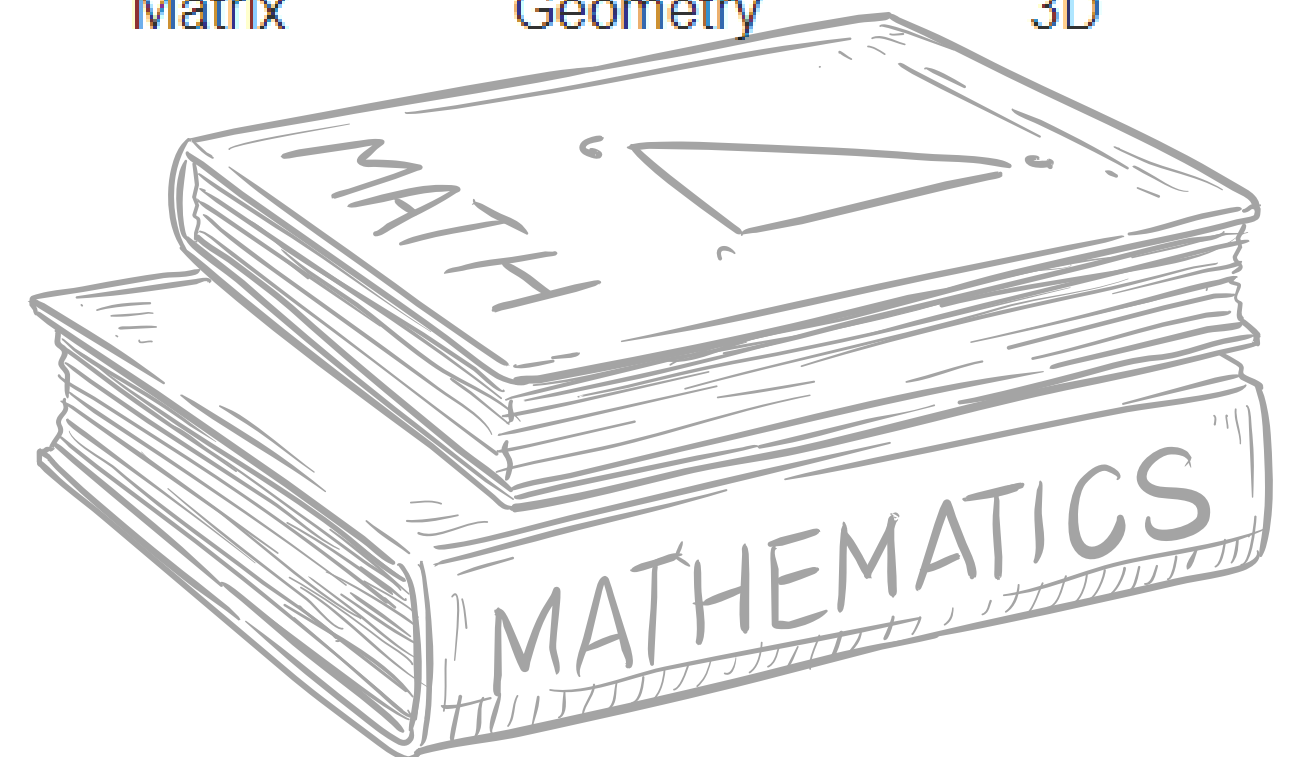
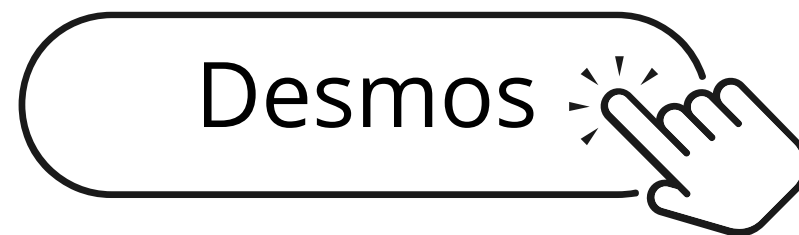
Matrix




Geometry

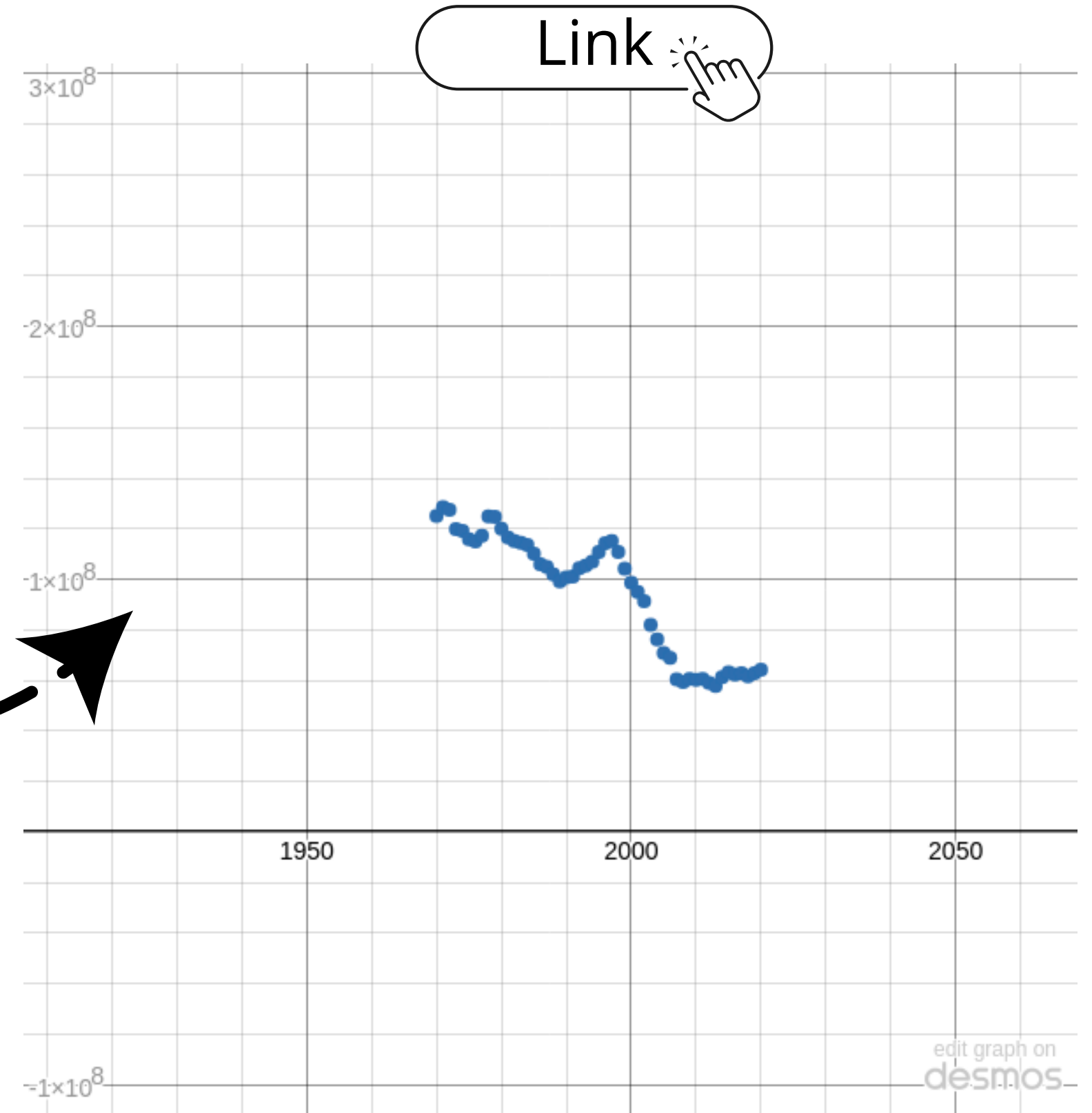
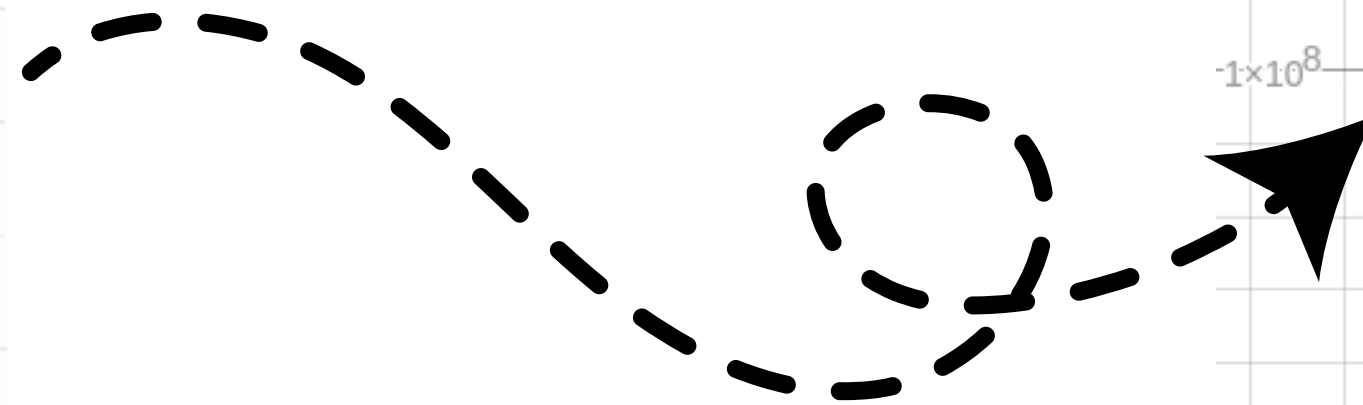


3D



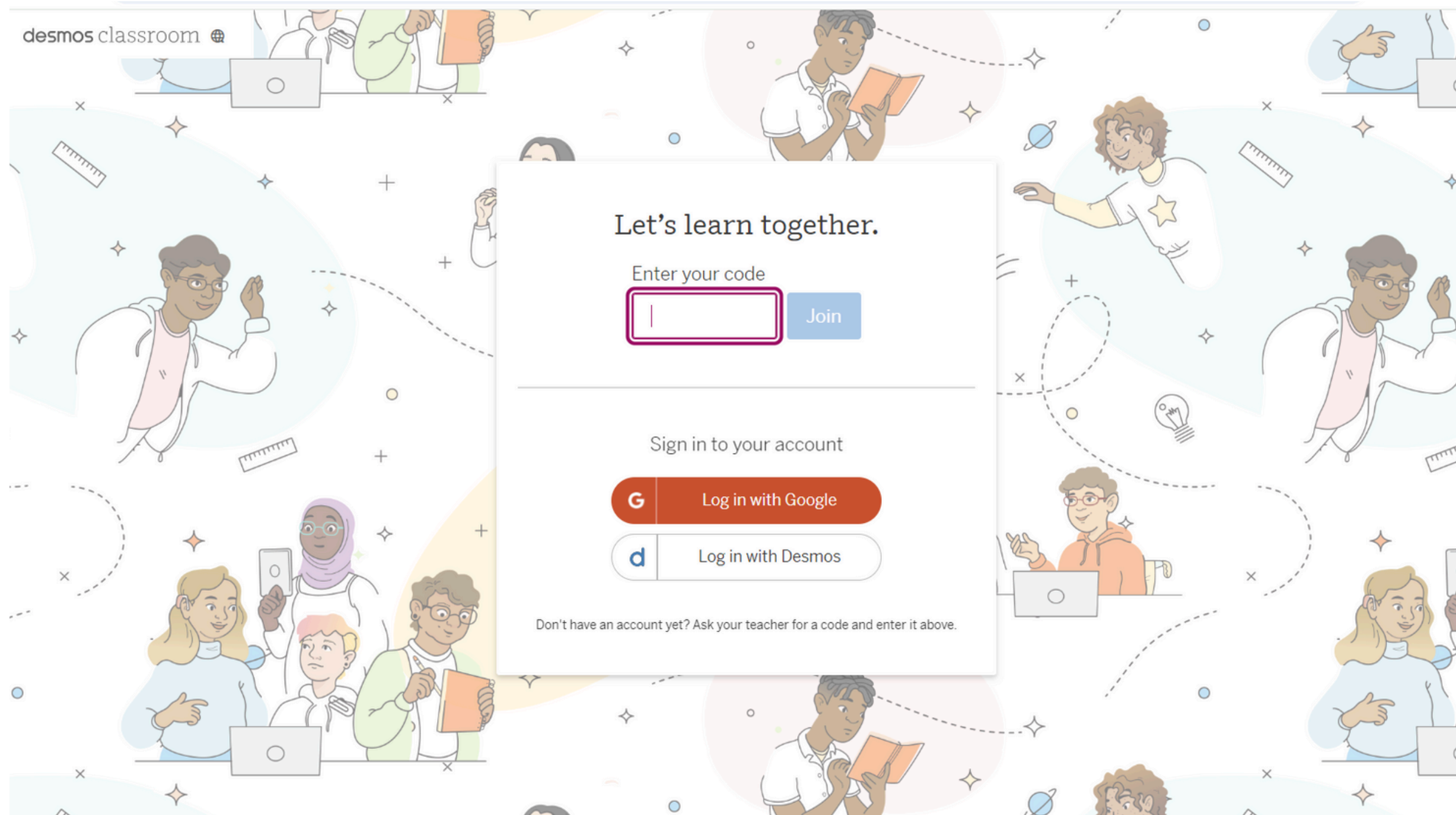
How can we fit a function using Desmos?

x_1	 y_1
1970	124973904
1971	128474832
1972	127439600
1973	119880720
1974	119205880
1975	115882984
1976	114983880
<i>40 more rows</i> Show all	
2017	62812336
2018	61639532
2019	62810832
2020	64162188



It is your turn

Enter in your class using: <https://student.desmos.com/?lang=es>



It is your turn

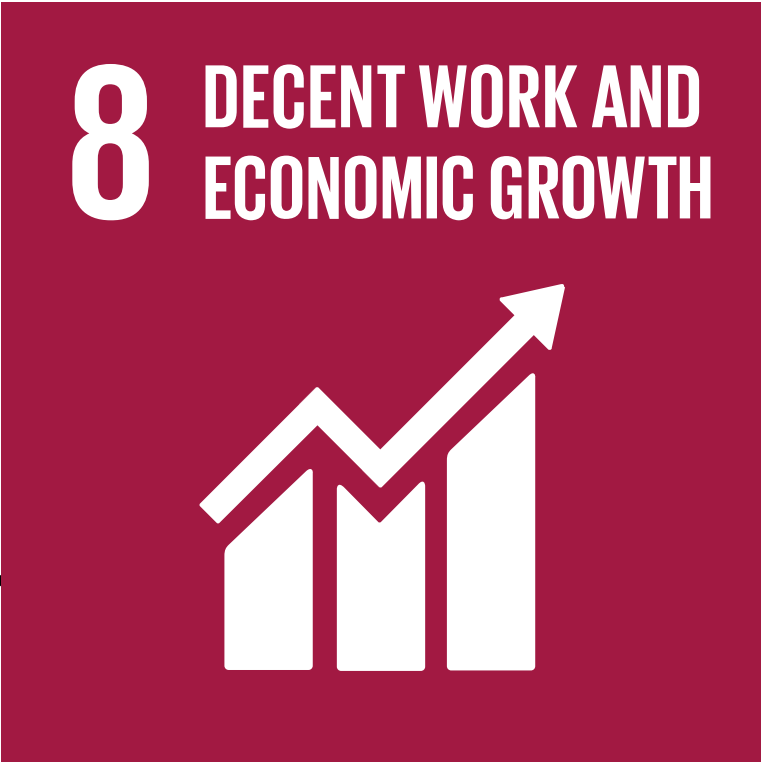
Enter your code:

Code:
MFQCTD



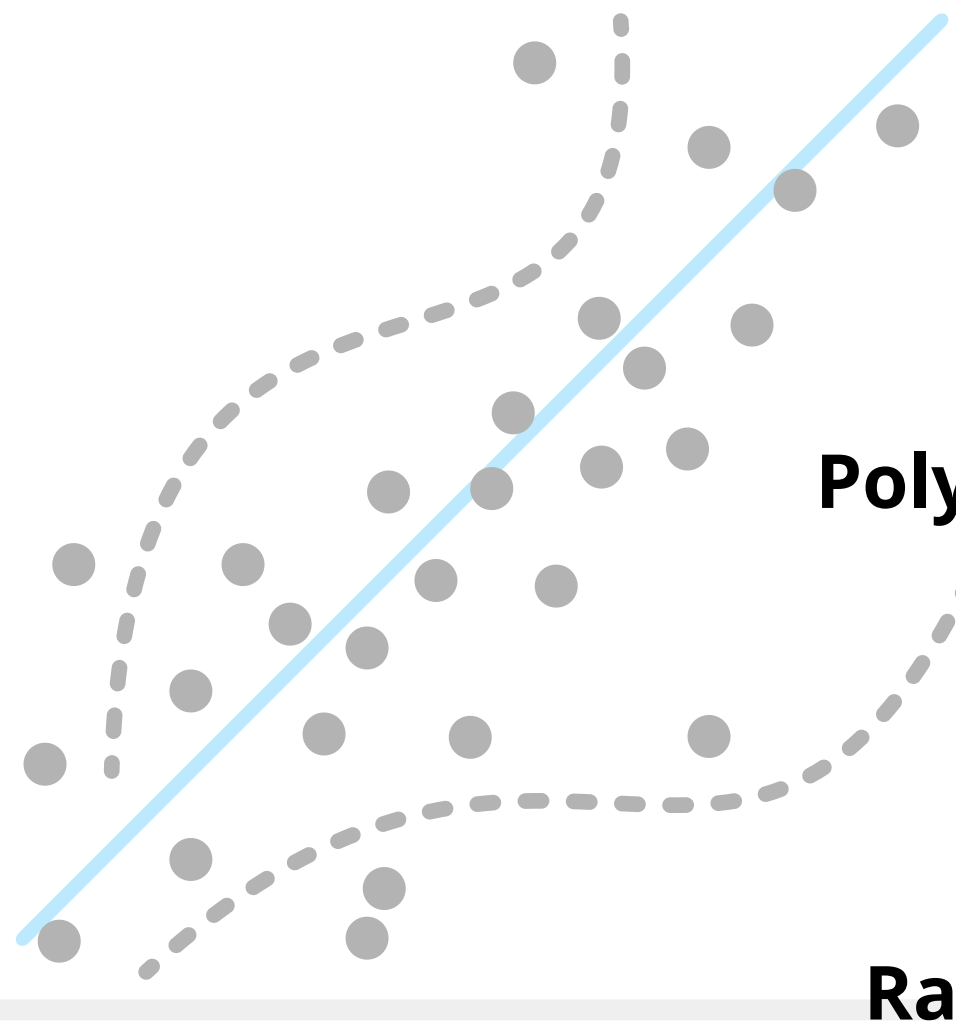
Code:
PWTK3E

Code:
FR6TF4



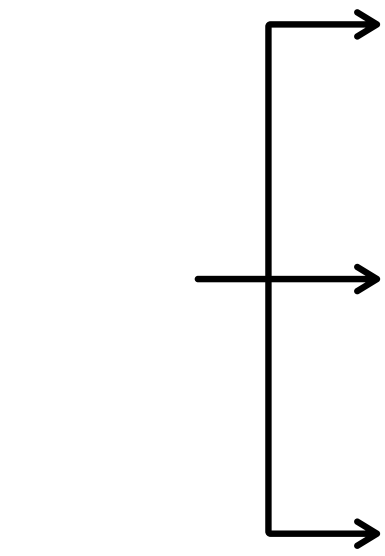
Code:
EZ6YGG

Some Examples



Polynomial

Rational



$$y_1 \sim Ax_1 + B$$

$$y_1 \sim Ax_1^2 + Bx_1 + C$$

$$y_1 \sim Ax_1^3 + Bx_1^2 + Cx_1 + D$$



$$y_1 \sim \frac{Ax_1 + B}{ax_1^2 + bx_1 + c}$$

Trigonometric



$$y_1 \sim A \sin(ax_1^2 + bx + c)$$

$$y_1 \sim A \cos(ax_1^2 + bx + c)$$

Polynomial
+
Trigonometric



$$y_1 \sim Ax_1^2 + Bx_1 + C + D \sin(ax_1^2 + bx + c)$$

